SET 2

ENGLISH LANGUAGE

PAPER 1

INSTRUCTIONS

Paper 1 has two parts: Part A and B. Part A has 50 questions on Lexis and Structure. Part B has 4 questions on Literature-in-English. Paper 2 has 3 essay questions, a comprehension and summary passages.

PART A

LEXIS AND STRUCTURE

Answer all questions

From the alternatives lettered A to D, choose the word that has a similar pronunciation to the word underlined in sentences 1 to 3.

word underfined in sentences 1 to 3.
1. Which word has the same vowel sound as the word join?
A. cold
B. joke
C. toy
D. tool
2. Which word has the same vowel sound as the word <u>float</u> ?
A 11 1

- A. block
- B. board
- C. coat
- D. pool
- 3. Which word has the same vowel sound as the word <u>door</u>?
 - A. chore
 - B. knock
 - C. open
 - D. window

4. Our friends _____ meet us at the lorry station this afternoon. A. are B. are going to C. go to D. will be to 5. I think the weather _____ be nice today. A. had B. is going to C. shall D. would 6. We are aware that one of the balls in the room _____ stolen. A. have been B. has been C. had being D. has being 7. The woman, as well as her uncles, _____been given free accommodation. A. have B. has C. are D. is 8. The police _____ doing good work in Ghana. A. are B. is C. has D. have 9. Did you borrow the _____ of my umbrellas? A. fine

Choose the word that **best** completes sentences 4 to 15.

B. finer

C.	finest
D.	finally
10. Be	tween them, he is the nurse at the hospital.
A.	bad
B.	worse
C.	worst
D.	west
11. Sal	lly's dress is than yours.
A.	light
B.	lighter
C.	lightest
D.	lightening
12. I w	vill come around to see you in an time.
A.	hours
В.	hours'
C.	hour's
D.	ours
13. Th	ey reported the case to the police if the chief had been informed.
A.	will
В.	will have
C.	would
D.	would have
14. If l	had known that you would be here, I prepared adequately to receive you
A.	will have
В.	will have been
C.	would have
D.	would have been

15. If you believe in yourself, you see positive results.
A. will
B. will have
C. would
D. would
Use the passage below to answer questions 16 to 19.
(i) Ben goes to his farms daily until it is late in the evening. (ii) He is very strong and handsome.
(iii) His wife wakes up early, but their children sleep until the sun is up in the morning. (iv)
Ben weeds his farm and plants his crops himself because he wants better yields from his crops.
(v) I like him because he is a hardworking person.
16. Sentence (i) is an example of sentences.
A. complex
B. compound
C. compound complex
D. simple
17. Sentence (ii) is an example of sentences.
A. complex
B. compound
C. compound complex
D. simple
18. Sentence (iii) is a sentence.
A. complex
B. compound
C. compound complex
D. simple

19. Sentence (iv) is a sentence.
A. complex
B. compound
C. compound complex
D. simple
Use the passage below to answer question 20 to 23.
(i) What a mark you scored in mathematics! (ii) Help me understand simple ratio. (iii) I have
been struggling in mathematics all along. (iv) Have you studied well enough to pass the test
this week? (v) Indeed, I need to get a good mark this time round.
20. Which of these numbered sentences is a declarative sentence?
A. Sentence (i)
B. Sentence (ii)
C. Sentence (iii)
D. Sentence (iv)
21. Which of these numbered sentences is an interrogative sentence?
A. Sentence (i)
B. Sentence (ii)
C. Sentence (iii)
D. Sentence (iv)
22. Which of these numbered sentences is an exclamatory sentence?
A. Sentence (i)
B. Sentence (ii)
C. Sentence (iii)
D. Sentence (iv)

23. Which of these numbered sentences is an imperative sentence?
A. Sentence (i)
B. Sentence (ii)
C. Sentence (iii)
D. Sentence (iv)
Read the following passage and answer questions 24 to 27.
(i) I know the lady who manages the school. (ii) Whatever the man tells her sounds good to
her. (iii) She defends him whenever someone complains about him. (iv) No matter what, he
would do whatever he wants in the school.
24. The underlined clause in sentence (i) is a
A. adjectival clause
B. noun clause
C. noun phrase
D. verb phrase
25. Which word is the clause in sentence (i) modifying?
A. I
B. lady
C. school
D. who
26. The clause in sentence (ii) is an example of a/an
A. adjectival clause.
B. adverbial clause.
C. nominal clause.
D. relative clause.
27. What word is the clause in sentence (iv) modifying?
A. overheard
B. saying
C. will be able
D. would do

Two people are engaged in a dialogue. Choose from the options A to D, the one which **best** represents the direct speech form of the indirect speech.

28. The teacher said, "The children are tired."

A.	The teacher said that the children will be tired.
В.	The teacher said that the children are tired.
C.	The teacher said that the children were tired.
D.	The teacher said that the children would be tired.
The P	resident said, "I appoint Ms. Ansah as the secretary."
29. Th	e President said that as secretary.
A.	he appointed Ms. Ansah
В.	I appoint Ms Ansah
C.	Ms Ansah have been appointed
D.	Ms. Ansah has been appointed
30. He	asked, "Will you be my friend?"
A.	I asked if he wanted to my friend.
В.	I asked if he will be my friend.
C.	I asked if he would be his friend.
D.	I asked if I will be his friend.
Use th	e passage to answer questions 31 to 33.
	(i) Baduwa always leaves her books in school, (ii) You and I
	will do that too, (iii) I am doing the same thing already,
	aren't I?

31. Which of these question tags best completes sentence (i)?
A. doesn't she?
B. don't she?
C. isn't she?
D. aren't they?
32. Which of these question tags best completes sentence (ii)?
A. won't we?
B. Don't we?
C. isn't it?
D. will we?
33. Which of these is the best answer to sentence (iii)?
I am doing the same thing, aren't I?
A. No, you are.
B. No, you haven't.
C. Yes, you are.
D. Yes, you have.
Read the passage below and answer question 34 to 36
(i). They haven't sold the building, (ii). It will be good my brother will purchase it
before it is too late, (iii). He is going to get a good price for it, isn't it?
34. Which of these question tags best completes sentence (i)?
A. are they?
B. have they?
C. haven't they?
D. will they?
35. Which of these question tags best completes sentence (ii)?
A. is it?
B. will it?
C. won't it?

D. would it?	
36. Which of these is the best answer to sentence (iii) in the passage?	
A. No, he isn't.	
B. No, it isn't.	
C. Yes, is it?	
D. Yes, it is.	
37. Which of these sentences is appropriately capitalised and punctuated?	
A. Linda's books were given to kwesi	
B. Linda's books were given to Kwesi.	
C. Lindas books were given to Kwesi	
D. lindas' books were given to kwesi.	
38. Which of these sentences is appropriately capitalised and punctuated?	
A. Kwesi will cook the food, but you will wash the clothes and iron them.	
B. Kwesi will cook the food but you will wash the clothes, and iron them	
C. kwesi will cook the food but, you will wash the clothes and iron them.	
D. Kwesi will cook the food, but you will wash the clothes and iron them	
For questions 39 to 41, choose the word which is nearest in meaning (synonyms) to the underlined word.	
39. Sarah wants me to be <u>fearless</u> .	
A. brave	
B. crazy	
C. scary	
D. timid	
40. People <u>delight in</u> making fun of their friends.	
A. dislike	
B. enjoy	
C. hate	

D. use
41. The spectators <u>abandoned</u> their seats during the match.
A. inhabit
B. occupy
C. stayed in
D. vacated
For questions 42 to 444, choose the word which is nearly opposite in meaning (antonyms)
to the underlined word.
42. They <u>frequently</u> shouted during the concert.
A. leisurely
B. occasionally
C. often
D. usually
43. In the <u>near</u> future we will become independent.
A. close
B. darker
C. distant
D. short
44. The film was <u>interesting</u> in the end.
A. biting
B. boring
C. budding
D. dragging
Choose from the options lettered A – D, the one that best gives the meaning of the underlined
expression.
45. He went extra mile in order to pass the English paper. This means he

A. travel one hour more.

C. worked harder.
D. wrote another English paper.
46. Davida threw caution to the wind by jumping over the tall wall. This means that Davida
A. escaped.
B. got to the other side.
C. had caution to throw.
D. took a risk.
PART B
LITERATURE-IN-ENGLISH
Read the following lines and answer the questions 47 and 48.
The chickens run helter skelter
The maize they will scatter
The pot will be their future
The children enjoy to see this venture
47. The passage is an example of a
A. dialogue.
B. drama.
C. poetry.
D. prose.
48. The words - skelter, scatter, future, venture – have their parts that sound similar. This
literary device used is called a
A. metaphor.
B. monologue.
C. rhyme.

B. travelled with effort.

D. rhythm.

Read this extract from Debbie, Sandy and Pepe and answer questions 49 and 50.

Debbie, Sandy and Pepe by Merrill Corney

Debbie lay awake a long time that night. She could remember how warm and soft he was; how fragile and delicate his bones felt under the feathers. Rather ugly. And that oversized yellow plastic peak taking up all his face, but she knew that when he grew up, he would be very handsome. (page 9)

- 49. Who does the pronoun **she** refer to in the extract?
 - A. Debbie
 - B. Mrs. Atkin
 - C. Mum
 - D. Sandy
- 50. Why did she give him that name?
 - A. He makes a noise like that.
 - B. That was the name he had.
 - C. Their mum gave him that name.
 - D. They decided to give him that name.

PAPER 2

PART A

ESSAY

Write an essay with a <u>maximum</u> of 250 words on any of the questions below.

- 1. Some of your classmates are against the idea of doing homework. Discuss two reasons why it is good to do homework.
- 2. Two of your mates want to stop attending school because they want to be assistant bus drivers. Discuss with them two reasons why they should continue attending school.
- 3. You want to own a mobile phone that has internet connection. Write a letter to your parents explaining two reasons why they should buy such a phone for you.

PART B

COMPREHENSION

Carefully read the passage and answer all the questions that follow it.

One day, some friends who came from coastal towns <u>decided</u> to travel home with Aminu who has lived in Tamale all his life. Aminu kept his fear of the deep vast sea to himself for the reason that his friends would <u>tease</u> him. In spite of this, he travelled with them.

They had learned in class that a harbour is a place at the coast where ships come to offload goods and take other products away. Aminu and his friends decided to go to the harbour for an excursion. They made friends with a woman who works at the harbour who told them a lot about what goes on there. They learned that Accra once had a harbour. Ships could not come to this shallow and rough coast. So, they stopped in the deep seas while paddle canoes carried their goods to the <u>shore</u>. This method caused a lot of delays. Queues of ships were always seen off the coast of Accra Harbour waiting for their turn.

A modern and safe harbour was built along the coastline in Tema. The deep and stable sea allow all sizes of ships to travel close to the coast. Goods sheds fitted with electric cranes have been built there to make it easier and faster to load and offload goods. As a result, trading has increased rapidly. Other states in West Africa import and export products through Tema Harbour which is helping in Ghana's <u>development</u>. Countries pay for their goods and the people around the harbour have jobs to do.

After a long day, Aminu and his friends came home happy that he did not get drowned as he had thought.

Questions

- 1. Give one reason Aminu did not want to travel to the coast.
- 2. How different was Tema Harbour from that in Accra?
- 3. What is the contribution of harbours to the growth of Ghana?
- 4. Why was it good for Aminu to travel to the coast?
- 5. Why was Tema harbour constructed?
- 6. Replace the following words as used as used in the passage.
 - i. decided
 - ii. tease
 - iii. shore
 - iv. development
 - v. queue

SUMMARISING

Read the passage and answer the questions

One sunny day, Kwame and Esi, his sister, decided to water the plants in their backyard. Kwame and Esi always help each other so that the work is finished faster. They, together with their parents, enjoy gardening and farming during vacations. It's like a family ritual.

While Kwame watered the tomato and pepper, Esi watered the mango and orange trees. Kwame loves the smell of the flowers, and Esi enjoys eating fruits like mangoes, oranges and bananas.

They both carefully poured the right amount of water needed by each plant. The sun was blazing, and the weather was considered perfect for the growth of the plants. The soil was moist and fresh and both Kwame and Esi placed the seeds deep within it.

Questions

- A. Summarise in your own words, the reason why Kwame and Esi like the holiday.
- B. In two sentences, state the crops Kwame and Esi cared for in their garden.
- C. In two sentences, state the ingredient for plant growth according to the passage.